

ALGEBRA IN DATA ANALYS polynomial systems for statistics and biology



AIDA MARA



WHAT IS A POLYNOMIAL SYSTEM?

polynomials: expressions with numbers and variables, that involve only addition, subtraction and multiplication

 $x_1 + x_2 + x_3 - 1$ (linear)

 $56x_1x_2$ (monomial)

 $56x_1x_2 - 8x_3^2$ (binomial)

 $2x_1x_2^8 + 3x_1^2 + 6x_2^3x_3^4 - 7$ (the others)

not polynomials: 2^x , $\sin x$, -**, ...**



$(p^2, 2p(1-p), (1-p)^2)$ X₁₁ X20 *X*₀₂

 $4x_{20}x_{02} - x_{11}^2$ (Jane's coin flip equation)



ZEROS OF A POLYNOMIAL SYSTEM

 $4x_1x_3 - x_2^2 = 0 \quad (1,2,1)$

$x_1 + x_2 + x_3 - 1 = 0$ (1,0,0)



 $(p^2, 2p(1-p), (1-p)^2)$

Graph credit to Silviana Amethyst



			Previous Infection	
Take Aspirin Reg.	\mathbf{Age}	Varicella	Influenza	Gastroenterit
Yes	Child	19	11	2
	Teen	9	10	1
No	Child	400	100	74
	Teen	304	88	50

*Belay, Bresee, Holman, Khan, Shahriari, and Schonberger. Reye's syndrome in the united states from 1981 through 1997. New England Journal of Medicine, 340(18):1377–1382, 1999.

Is there any relation between type of infection, taking aspirin regularly, and age?





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Persi Diaconis and Bernd Sturmfels. Algebraical algorithms for sampling from conditional distributions. Annals of statistics, 26(1):363–397, 1998.

Is there any relation between type of infection, taking aspirin regularly, and age? P(Inf = V, Asp = Y, Age = C) = P(Inf = V, Asp = Y) * P(Inf = V, Age = C)

$$\begin{aligned} x_{111}x_{122} - x_{121}x_{112} &= 0\\ x_{211}x_{222} - x_{221}x_{212} &= 0\\ x_{311}x_{322} - x_{321}x_{312} &= 0 \end{aligned}$$







Polynomial approaches to statistical models in my work



Polynomial approaches to discrete models

Taylor Brysiewicz and Aida Maraj. Lawrence lifts, matroids, and maximum likelihood degrees. 2023.

Jane Ivy Coons, Joseph Cummings, Benjamin Hollering, and Aida Maraj. **Generalized cut polytopes for binary hierarchical models**. Algebraic Statistics, 2023

Christiane Görgen, Aida Maraj, and Lisa Nicklasson. Staged tree models with toric structure. Journal of Symbolic Computation, 113:242–268, 2022.

Aida Maraj. Algebraic and geometric properties of hierarchical models. *PhD* dissertation–University of Kentucky, 2020

Aida Maraj and Uwe Nagel. Equivariant Hilbert series for hierarchical **models.** *Algebraic Statistics*, 12(1):21–42, 2021.



- Altruistic values [1–4]
- Biospheric values [5–8]
- Egoistic values [9–13]
- Hedonic values [14–16]
- Environmental self-identity [17–19]
- Personal importance of sustainable energy behaviour [20–2
- Need to belong [23]
- Need to be unique [24]
- Neighbourhood entitativity [25] Neighbourhood homogeneity [26–27]
- Neighbourhood interaction [28–29]
- Interaction with neighbours [30–31]
- Neighbourhood identification [32–35]
- Environmental neighbourhood identity [36–38]
- Neighbourhood importance of sustainable energy behaviour
- Group-based anger [42-43]
- Group-based distrust [44-45]
- Membership [46]
- Overall energy savings [47]
- Thermostat temperature (°C) [48]
- Shower time (min) [49]
- Energy-efficient appliances [50]
- Energy-saving measures [51]
- Household sustainable energy intentions [52–56]
- Communal sustainable energy intentions [57–58]
- Initiative involvement intentions [59] Other pro-environmental intentions [60-62]
- Other communal intentions [63–64]
- Demographical variables [65–68]

Polynomial approaches to multivariate Gaussian models

Tobias Boege, Jane Ivy Coons, Christopher Eur, Aida Maraj, and Frank Röttger. Reciprocal maximum likelihood degrees of Brownian motion tree models. Le Matematiche, 76(2):383 - 398, 2021.

Jane Ivy Coons, Shelby Cox, Aida Maraj, and Ikenna Nometa. Maximum Likelihood **Degrees of Brownian Motion Tree Models: Star Trees and Root Invariance,** 2024

Jane Ivy Coons, Aida Maraj, Pratik Misra, and Miruna-Stefana Sorea. Symmetrically colored Gaussian graphical models with toric vanishing ideals. SIAM Journal on *Applied Algebra and Geometry*, 7(1):133–158, 2023.

Authors listed alphabetically









Polynomial approaches in theory of evolution dates back to 1893

III. Contributions to the Mathematical Theory of Evolution. By KARL PEARSON, University College, London.

Communicated by Professor HENRICI, F.R.S.

Received October 18,-Read November 16, 1893.

[PLATES 1-5.]

CONTENTS.

I.-On the Dissection of Asymmetrical Frequency-Curves. General Th Example: Professor WELDON'S measurements of the "Forehead II.—On the Dissection of Symmetrical Frequency-Curves. General The III.-Investigation of an Asymmetrical Frequency-Curve representing Mr. measurements of the Carapace of Prawns. §§ 16-18 . . . Table I. First Six Powers of First Thirty Natural Numbers . . Table II. Ordinates of Normal Frequency-Curve

 $lpha_1(\mu_1^4 \ lpha_1(\mu_1^5 + 10\mu_1^3\sigma_1^2$

...to explain the asymmetry in data measured from a population of Naples' crabs, believing it was possible that two subpopulations of crabs were present in the sample — Gaussian mixture. He proposes method of moments.

	Page.		
neory, §§ 1-8.	71-85		
d" of Crabs.			
	85-90		
ory, §§ 11-12			
	90-100	$\alpha_1 + \alpha_2$	=
H. THOMSON'S			
	100-106	$lpha_1\mu_1+lpha_2\mu_2$	=
	106 107 107–110	$\alpha_1(\mu_1^2 + \sigma_1^2) + \alpha_2(\mu_2^2 + \sigma_2^2)$	=
($\alpha_1(\mu_1^3)$	$+ 3\mu_1\sigma_1^2) + \alpha_2(\mu_2^3 + 3\mu_2\sigma_2^2)$	=
$+6\mu_1^2\sigma$	$\frac{2}{1} + 3c$	$(\sigma_1^4) + \alpha_2(\mu_2^4 + 6\mu_2^2\sigma_2^2 + 3\sigma_2^4)$	=
$^{2}_{1} + 15 \mu_{1}$	$(\sigma_1^4) +$	$- \alpha_2(\mu_2^5 + 10\mu_2^3\sigma_2^2 + 15\mu_2\sigma_2^4)$	=







THEORY OF POLYNOMIAL SYSTEMS = ALGEBRAIC GEOMETRY

algebra software: Julia, Macaulay2, Bertini, SageMath, Oscar

a trick: invertible linear change of variables $x_1x_2 - x_3x_4 - x_5x_4 + x_1x_6 = x_1(x_2 + x_6) - (x_3 + x_5)x_4 = p_1p_2 - p_3p_4$

Relevant theory and applications in my past work

- 1. Tobias Boege, Jane Ivy Coons, Christopher Eur, Aida Maraj, and Frank Röttger. **Reciprocal maximum likelihood degrees of Brownian motion tree models**. *Le Matematiche*, 76(2):383 – 398, 2021.
- 2. Jane Ivy Coons, Shelby Cox, Aida Maraj, and Ikenna Nometa. Maximum Likelihood **Degrees of Brownian Motion Tree Models: Star Trees and Root Invariance,** 2024
- 3. Christiane Görgen, Aida Maraj, and Lisa Nicklasson. Staged tree models with toric structure. Journal of Symbolic Computation, 113:242–268, 2022.
- 4. Aida Maraj and Arpan Pal. Symmetry Lie algebras of varieties with applications to algebraic statistics, 2023.
- 5. Thomas Kahle and Julian Vill. Efficiently deciding if an ideal is toric after a linear coordinate change. 2024.

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The Annals of Statistics 1993, Vol. 21, No. 1, 355–377

INVARIANTS OF SOME PROBABILITY MODELS USED IN PHYLOGENETIC INFERENCE

By STEVEN N. EVANS¹ AND T. P. SPEED²

University of California, Berkeley

The so-called method of invariants is a technique in the field of molecular evolution for inferring phylogenetic relations among a number of species on the basis of nucleotide sequence data. An invariant is a polynomial function of the probability distribution defined by a stochastic model



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at MPI CBG and CSBD will:

- and combinatorics, and
- develop new math motivated by this perspective



• investigate statistical and biological questions through the lens of algebra, geometry



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THANK YOU!

